## 試 題

## [第1節]

科目名稱	計算機概論
条所組別	資訊管理學系- <sup>甲組</sup> 乙組
	資訊管理學系醫療資訊管理

#### -作答注意事項-

- ※作答前請先核對「試題」、「試卷」與「准考證」之系所組別、科目名稱是否相符。
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- 3.入場後於考試開始 40 分鐘內不得離場。
- 4.全部答題均須在試卷(答案卷)作答區內完成。
- 5.試卷作答限用藍色或黑色筆(含鉛筆)書寫。
- 6. 試題須隨試卷繳還。

本科目共 5 頁 第 1 頁

科目名稱:計算機概論 田知、乙組

系所	F組別:資訊作 資訊作	管理學系-甲: 管理學系醫療				
[Sec	tion I] Multip	le Choice (7	0 poin	ts)		
Cho	ose ONE ansv	wer only for	each q	uestion (2 points fo	or each question)	
1. T	he binary repre	esentation of	28-10 i	s:		
A. 1	0000	B. 10001		C. 10010	D. 10011	
2. T	he binary nota	tion of 66.37:	5 is:			
A. 1	000100.111	В. 1000100	.101	C. 1000010.101	D. 1000010.011	
3. W	hich of the fo	llowing has tl	ne lowe	est access speed?		
A. n	nain memory	B. hard disk	ζ.	C. cache	D. register	
4. T	he technique to	o consolidate	multip	le signals into a sin	gle composite signal is called:	
	nultiplexing	B. pipelinin			g D. multitasking	
of ti		he non-preem	ptive s		es indicated. Each process will run the listed amore.  F) scheduling algorithm is used, what is the average.	
	Process		Arriv	al Time	Burst Time	
	P1		0		8	
	P2		1		5	
	P3		2		2	
A. 4	1.67	B. 5.00		C. 5.33	D. 5.67	
6. F	ollowing the q	uestion abov	e. Wha	t is the average turn	naround time for these processes?	
A. 9	9.00	B. 9.33		C. 9.67	D. 10.00	
7. V	Vhich of the fo	ollowing has t	he wor	st space efficiency?		
<b>A</b> . 1	RAID 0	B. RAID 1		C. RAID 3	D. RAID 5	
8. E	Each time the d	ispatcher awa	ırds a t	ime slice to a proces	ss, it initiates a timer circuit that will indicate the	e en
of t	he slice by ger	nerating a sign	nal call	ed:		
A. i	nterrupt	B. signalin	g I/O	C. deadlock	D. spinlock	
9. I	How many IP a	ddresses are	in a cla	ass B network?		
1	254	B. 256		C. 65534	D. 65536	

科目名稱:計算機概論

本科目共5頁 第2頁

系所組別:資訊管理學系-甲組、乙組 資訊管理學系醫療資訊管理

10. Which of the	following connects	two bus network	s?		
A. switch B	. access point C	. repeater	D. all of the above		
44 **** 4 24	0.11	- 11 1 2 2			
			ata sent from a website and stored on the user's computer		
		_	so as to remember stateful information?		
A. etag	B. proxy	C. cookie	D. register		
12. The applicati	on layer protocol of	LINE is:			
A. HTTP	B. SMTP	C. SNMP	D. VoIP		
13. Which of the	following is polyno	mially bounded?	,		
A. 100 <sup>logn</sup>	B. 2 <sup>n</sup>	C. n <sup>n</sup>	D. all of the above		
14 776		ials a aut i			
	ne complexity of qu		D 0(2)		
A. O(n)	B. O(nloglogn)	C. O(nlogn)	D. $O(n^2)$		
15. The average	time complexity of	insertion sort is:			
A. O(nloglogn)	B. O(nlogn)	C. $O(n^2)$	D. O(n <sup>2</sup> logn)		
16. What is the p	orinted value of the f	following code?			
sum=0;					
for(int $i=1$ ; $i < = 6$	8; ++ <i>i</i> )				
sum+=i;					
cout << sum <<	endl;				
A. 32	B. 36	C. 0	D. 40320		
17. What is the v	value of arr[5] of the	following code?	•		
int arr[10];					
for(int i=0; i<10	0; ++i)				
arr[i]=0	) <del>,</del>				
for(int $i=0$ ; $i<10$	for (int $i=0; i<10; ++i$ )				
if (i==5)	if(i==5)				
C	ontinue;				
arr[i]=i	*i,				
A. 0					
B. 5					
C. 25					
I .					

科目名稱:計算機概論

本科目共 5 頁 第 3 頁

系所組別:資訊管理學系-甲組、乙組 資訊管理學系醫療資訊管理

D. 36			
18. What is the pri	inted value of the foll	lowing code?	
int arr[10];			
for(int i=0; i<10;	++i)		
arr[i]=i*i,	,		
if(i%3 == 1)	"		
co	ut << arr[i] << " ",	;	
if(i==5)			
br	reak;		
cout << endl;			
A. 1 16			
B. 0 1 4 9 16			
C. 1 16 49			
D. 0 1 4 9 16 25 3	6 49 64 81		
20. The way to give parameters in the call by value B. call by reference C. fruitful function	calling program unit	access to the actual	D. interface parameters by telling it the addresses of the actual
D. all of the above			
21. A problem occ	curred during a progra	am's execution is ca	lled
A. compile error	B. syntax error	C. exception	D. none of the above
  22. Given T(n)=27	$\Gamma(n/2)+1$ , $\Gamma(0)=0$ , $\Gamma(1)=0$	1)=1, T(n)=?	
1	B. Θ(n)		D. $\Theta(nlogn)$
23. Given T(n)=27	$T(n/2) + \log n, T(0) = 0,$	T(1)=1, T(n)=?	
A. $\Theta(\log^2 n)$	B. Θ(lognloglogn)	C. Θ(n)	D. Θ(nlogn)
24. Which of the f	following has the low	est complexity?	
A. 100!	B. 2 <sup>logn</sup>	C. n	D. 4 <sup>logn</sup>

科目名稱:計算機概論

本科目共 5 頁 第 4 頁

系所組別:資訊管理學系-甲組、乙組 資訊管理學系醫療資訊管理

25. Given a	binary search tree.	The inorder and pos	storder traversal of this tree are 1,3,5,7,9,11,13 and
1,5,3,7,13,11	,9, respectively. Wha	t is the preorder trave	ersal of this tree?
A. 9,7,3,1,5,	13,11		
B. 9,7,3,1,5,	11,13		
C. 9,7,3,5,1,	13,11		
D. 9,7,3,1,5,	11,13		
26. Given a l	binary tree with 16 no	odes, and it has 3 node	es with degree 1. How many leafs in this tree?
A. 5	B. 6	C. 7	D. 8
27. In the rel	ational database, a co	lumn in a relation is o	called .
A. dictionary		C. tuple	D. attribute
28 Which of	f the following extrac	ts columns from a rel	ation?
A. SELECT	B. PROJECT		D. JOIN
	D. I ROJECT	c. choose	D. 3011
29. Which of	f the following is not	an animation softwar	e?
A. 3ds Max	B. TensorFlov	v C. Maya	D. all of the above
30. The	model is a RNN mo	del.	
A. LSTM	B. VGG16	C. FaceNet	D. actor-critic
31. The	model is not for rein	forcement learning.	
A. GRU	B. DQN	C. DDPG	D. PPO
32. Which of	f the following is not	a branch of machine	learning?
A. unsupervi	=		
1 *	warm optimization		
C. reinforcer	nent learning		
D. all of the	above		
33. Which of	f the following is a no	on-computable proble	m?
A. traveling	salesman problem		
B. clique pro	blem		
C. subset sur	n problem		
D. halting pr	oblem		

科目名稱:計算機概論

本科目共 5 頁 第 5 頁

系所組別:資訊管理學系-甲組、乙組 資訊管理學系醫療資訊管理

- 34. Which of the following is a NP-complete problem?
- A. depth-first-search problem
- B. spanning tree problem
- C. all-pairs-shortest-path problem
- D. 0/1 knapsack problem
- 35. Which of the following is not a NP-complete problem?
- A. all-pairs-shortest-path problem
- B. 0/1 knapsack problem
- C. traveling-salesman problem
- D. clique problem

#### [Section II] Problems and Calculations (30 points)

- 1. Convert the Hexadecimal number (6F)<sub>16</sub> into the following carry number:
- (a) (3 pts) Octal number
- (b) (3 pts) Decimal number
- 2. (6 pts) Please use the do-while loop in C/C++ to calculate the product of integers from 1 to 10.
- 3. (6 pts) Given 6 data 6,5,2,3,4,1, write the result of each iteration in insertion sort (in ascending order).
- 4. (6 pts) Given a binary tree with 32 nodes, write its maximal and minimal height.
- 5. (6 pts) What is the relationship between artificial intelligence, machine learning, and deep learning?

## 試題

## [第2節]

科目名稱	管理資訊系統
条所組別	資訊管理學系-甲組

#### -作答注意事項-

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科目名稱:管理資訊系統

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系所組別:資訊管理學系-甲組

#### 總共4大題,每大題25分

- 1. Regarding the impact of information systems (IS) on organizations, please
  - a. Describe the major economic and behavioral theories that help explain how IS affect organizations. (15 分)
  - b. Describe the impact of artificial intelligence on organizations. (10 %)
- 2. Regarding the information Technology (IT) infrastructure, please
  - a. Define IT infrastructure and describe the components of IT infrastructure that firms need to manage. (15 分)
  - b. Describe the management challenges posed by IT infrastructure. (10 分)
- 3. Regarding the security of information systems, please
  - a. Describe the challenges presented in securing wireless networks. (15 分)
  - b. Define identity theft and phishing and explain why identity theft is such a big problem today. (10 分)
- 4. Regarding enterprise applications, please
  - a. Describe the challenges posed by enterprise applications and how these challenges can be addressed. (15 分)
  - b. Describe how business intelligence features can be used in enterprise applications. (10 分)



## 試 題

## [第2節]

科目名稱	資料結構
系所組別	資訊管理學系-乙組

#### 一作答注意事項—

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科目名稱:資料結構

本科目共2頁 第1頁

系所組別:資訊管理學系-乙組

```
1. If n is 8, then what the variable space requirement of this program is? (6 pt)
   float sum(float list[], int n)
      float tempsum = 0;
      for (int i = 0; i < n; i+++)
          tempsum += list[i];
      return tempsum;
    }
2. Calculate the total steps of the following function (6 pt)
    float rsum(float list[], int n)
     if (n)
         return rsum(list, n-1) + list[n-1];
     return list[0];
    }
3. Please transform the expressions from prefix to postfix. (12 pt)
    (A) -+-/abc*de*ac
    (B) -/*a+bcdg
4. Which(s) is/are true in the following descriptions? (24 pt)
    (A) &a->val means (&a)->val
    (B) The worst-case complexity of the maze is O(mp), where m and p are the number of rows and columns
         of the maze respectively.
    (C) a\%b*c==3 means (a\%(b*c))==3
    (D) a=3 \parallel b=4 \&\& c=5 \text{ means} ((a=3) \parallel (b=4)) \&\& (c=5)
    (E) The time complexity of O(2^n) is higher than O(n!).
    (F) Prefix notation requires the use of parentheses to indicate the precedence of operands.
5. The following is a circular queue. Please find and correct the errors. (12 pt)
element deleteq()
                    /* hint: MAX_QUEUE_SIZE */
    element item;
    front = front+1;
    if (front = rear)
        return queueEmpty();
    return queue[front];
```

科目名稱:資料結構

本科目共2頁第2頁

系所組別:資訊管理學系-乙組

6. Please complete the code of function invert to perform the action for "Invert single linked list". (20 pt)

typedef struct list\_node \*list\_pointer;

typedef struct list\_node {
 char data;
 list\_pointer link;
};

list\_pointer invert(list\_pointer lead)
{
 list\_pointer middle, trail;
 middle = NULL;
 while (......) {
 ......
 ......
}

return middle;
}

7. If the order of moving is as follows (left graph), please draw the maze path in the right graph (where 1 is blocked path and 0 is through path). (20 pt)



